National Estuary Program in EPA Region 9

March 1, 2017

Background

- * The National Estuary Program was established 30 years ago. Today there are 28 individual National Estuary Programs (NEPs) around the country, with 3 in region 9.
- * Each NEP has a Comprehensive Conservation Management Plan (CCMP) which identifies locallyprioritized actions for protecting and restoring water quality and habitat. Each NEP has a broad base of participants and supporters from public and private stakeholders.
- * Each NEP has received \$400 K to \$600 K in EPA grant funds each year to implement their CCMPs. A key success of EPA's funding of NEPs has been that since 2003, nationally, \$290 million in Federal CWA Section 320 funds have leveraged a total of \$5.56 billion in non-Federal funds: that is a ratio of nearly 1:20.
- * https://www.epa.gov/nep/overview-national-estuary-program

San Francisco Bay Estuary Partnership

- * http://www.sfestuary.org/
- * The SFEP Study Area includes the San Francisco Bay and its immediate watershed, as well as the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta
- * Recent CCMP update took input from 70 Bay and Delta agencies and organizations & implementation relies on sustained collaboration.
- * Key goals for protection and restoration of the Estuary include to sustain and improve habitat and living resource, Improve water quality and freshwater flows, Bolster the resilience of ecosystems, shorelines, and communities. [Could change to naming key projects like salt pond habitat restoration, maintaining freshwater flows for _______, and controlling _?]

Morro Bay National Estuary Program

- * http://www.mbnep.org/
- * The MB NEP Study Area includes Morro Bay and its approximately 70 square mile watershed.
- * Key issues include controlling erosion to improve water quality, maintaining healthy eel grass beds, and restring a key riparian reserve on Chorro Creek.

Santa Monica Bay Restoration Foundation

- * http://www.santamonicabay.org/
- * The Santa Monica Bay study area covers over 400 square miles of coastal watershed, running from Malibu Creek watershed in the north down to Palos Verdes in the south. The landscape includes urban landscape and fire-prone coastal scrub hillsides and off-shore habitat includes valuable kelp forests.
- * Key topics include the protection and restoration of the local kelp forests, restoration of the Ballona Wetlands, and building beach resilience to rising sea levels through dune restoration.

Discussion Questions and Topics

- Will the CWA Section 320 competitive grant program in development draw its funds from 320 base funding?
- Why does amount of wetland acreage protected under NEPs fluctuate from year to year?